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مقارنة بين طريقة السيطرة المضببة والدالة التمييزية في تصنيف بعض آبار محافظة نينوى

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المستخلص

Comparison between the method of Fuzzy Control and Discriminate Function in the classification of some wells Nineveh

Abstract

In this study, the construction of a Fuzzy Inference Control to determine the validity of the quality of ground water wells of some of Nineveh province, through a series of observations that were obtained from the areas under study. To illustrate

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the importance of the model it was compared with the Discriminate Function that classify the individual to the right community. The model, has proved a model of control Fuzzy high efficiency in the determination of the validity of each well is compared to a model Discriminate Function was the only classification of the wells under study where there it is valid or invalid to drink, as well as easy construction of the computational procedures required to build a Fuzzy Inference model compared to complex computational procedures required by the Discriminate Function. The configured model can be used in future to distinguish the quality of any groundwater wells based on qualitative characteristics of the waters.

Keyword: Fuzzy Control, Discriminate Function, groundwater.

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(1)
                             [2011
                                                1
                                                                            )
                               500)
500)
                             [2011
                                                 ].
                                                                          (2)
                               Discriminante Analysis
                                   Multivariate Statistical Analysis
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.Discriminate Function .(2005 : Discriminate Function (1-2))) Linear Discriminate Function (Fisher Non-Linear Discriminate Function [2004].() L $L = \alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2 + \alpha_3 x_3 + ... + \alpha_k x_k$... (1) α_1 , α_2 , $\alpha_3,...,\alpha_k$ (Between group variation) .(Within group variation) .*k* $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_k$: 2

 $\lambda = Between \ group \ variation/Within \ group \ variation$

(Raykov and Marcoulides, 2008). A α_1 , α_2 , α_3 ,..., α_k : Parameter Estimation of Discriminate Function (2-2).1 d_i $d_i = \overline{x}_{i(1)} - \overline{x}_{i(2)} \qquad , \quad i=1,2,\ldots,k \qquad \qquad \ldots (2)$.2 $(n_j - 1)\underline{S}_{(j)} = \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} [X_{i(j)} - \overline{\underline{X}}_{(j)}]'[X_{i(j)} - \overline{\underline{X}}_{(j)}] \qquad , \qquad \not \models 1,2$) (S_p^2) .3 $S_P^2 = \frac{\left[(n_1 - 1)\underline{S}_{(1)} + (n_2 - 1)\underline{S}_{(2)} \right]}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$... (3) .4 α $\alpha = \underline{S}^{-1} \left(\underline{\overline{X}}_1 - \underline{\overline{X}}_2 \right)$... (4) : $lpha_{j}^{*}=lpha_{j}\sqrt{V_{jj}}$.5 ... (5) $()S_{p}^{2}$: *V_{jj}* (3-2):Cutoff Point

•

 L_2 L_1

 $L \rangle \frac{1}{2} (L_1 + L_2)$

:

 $L \left\langle \frac{1}{2} (L_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1} + L_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 2}) \right.$

 $\alpha_0 = -\frac{1}{2}(L_1 + L_2)$... (6) : *L* α_0 [Anderson, 1984] ... (7) يتم تصنيف المفردة الى المجموعة الأولى 0 < 0 يتم تصنيف المفردة الى المجموعة الثانية 0 < 0 لا يمكن اجراء التصنيف 0 < 01: (4-2)t $t = \frac{\overline{X}_{(1)} - \overline{X}_{(2)}}{\sqrt{S_P^2 \left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}\right)}}$... (8) $\overline{X}_{(i)}$ $()S_p^2$ (/) (5-2)

•

]			:(1)
у	Х		
		.1	
		.2	
		.3	
		.4	
		.5	
		.6	
		.7	
		.8	
		.9	
		.10	
		.11	

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 184 & 1129 & 190 \\ 600 & 1834 & 500 \\ 500 & 873 & 212 \\ 561.5 & 1293 & 446 \\ 480 & 830 & 375 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1766 & 10164 & 476.6 \\ 1350 & 4469 & 2150 \\ 2350 & 4524 & 225 \\ 2840 & 5708 & 330 \\ 1460 & 3131 & 1700 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\underline{d} = egin{bmatrix} 1601.8 \\ 4120.5 \\ 831.93 \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} 120.5 \\ 831.93 \end{bmatrix}$

[2011

$$S_P^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 192300 & -8000 & -136500 \\ -8000 & 3584200 & -612100 \\ -136500 & -612100 & 393600 \end{bmatrix}$$

: (α)

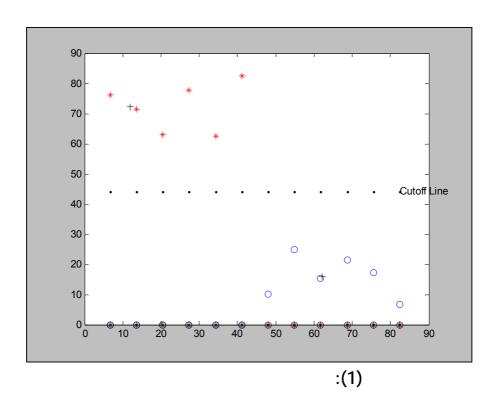
 $(lpha^*)$: $(lpha^*)$: (a^*) : (a^*)

.[*WHO*,1985]

(t = 12.9948)

: Cutoff Point .

 α_0 = 44.0765



: (6-2) α_0 : L^* L

 $L^* = \begin{bmatrix} -31.4246\\ 35.0080\\ -30.4466\\ 3.6820\\ 45.4294\\ -6.2742\\ 73.6804\\ -36.1831 \end{bmatrix}$

	:(2)

: Crisp Sets and Fuzzy Sets (3)

[Sivanandam, et al., -:

2007]

 $\mu_A(x) : \xrightarrow{yiolds} \{0, 1\}$

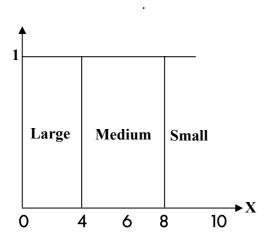
: $\mu_A(x)$ $\cdot A$ х

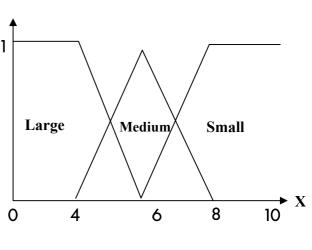
(1) (0) A

[323]

(Membership Degree)

[1,0]





:(2)

[Math works Inc., 2001]: Membership Functions (4)

:

:(Triangular-Shape)

-1

 $\mu A(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{|x - a|}{c}; a - c \le x \le a + c \\ 0; \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \dots (9)$

:(Trapezoidal-Shape) -2

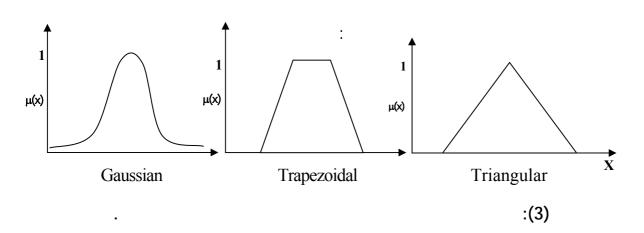
:

$$\mu A(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(a-x)}{(a-b)} & ; & a \le x \le b \\ 1 & ; & b \le x \le c \\ \frac{(d-x)}{(d-c)} & ; & c \le x \le d \\ 0 & ; & otherwise \end{cases}$$
... (10)

: (Bell-Shape) -3

: (Gaussian Function)

$$\mu_{A(x)} = e^{-\frac{(\chi - a)^2}{2b^2}} \dots (11)$$



[Xuzhu, et al., 2009]: Fuzzy Model (5)

, (Rules) (Flexible)

: (1-5)

مضببة والدالة التمييزية في تصنيف بعض آبار محافظة نينوى	مقارنة بين طريقة السيطرة المضببة والدالة التمييزية في تصنيف بعض آبار محافظة نينوى		
(Expert System)			
	:		
.(Fuzzification)	-1		
.(Rules Evaluation)	-2		
.(Defuzzification)	-3		
:	-1		
	-2		
(Greate Rules Base)			
(Antecedent)			
	.(Consequent)		
:	-3		
: (Fuzzy Inference)	(2-5)		

.

: (Fuzzy Inference Systems) (3-5)

1- Mamdani Type

2- Sugeno Type

(Mamdani) (Sugeno)

: (6)

(Linguistic Variables)

 مقارنة بين طريقة السيطرة المضببة والدالة التمييزية في تصنيف بعض أبار محافظة نينوي

(X3=) (X2=) (X1=) : (Low) (Medium) (High) (Linguistic Variables)

IF X1=Low AND X2=Low AND X3=medium THEN Y=Accept
IF X1=High AND X2=medium AND X3=High THEN Y=NonAccept

(44.0765) Cutoff Point

. :(3)

عدد خاص بوقائع المؤتمر العلمي الرابع كلية علوم الحاسوب والرياضيات

Т.Н	T.S	SO ₄		
184	1129	190	0.1273	
1766	10164	476.6	0.4841	
600	1834	500	0.2409	
376	1555	560	0.1728	
1350	4469	2150	0.4841	
2350	4524	2520	0.6355	
390	682	210	0.1280	
2000	3274	2138	0.5101	
500	873	212	0.1326	
481.5	754	141	0.1317	
561.5	1293	446	0.1358	
1612	2024	750	0.4842	
2840	5708	3300	0.8552**	
1460	3131	1700	0.4841	
2385	4583	2037	0.5007	
480	830	375	0.1316	
1150	1863	692	0.4333	
2240	10996	2589	0.6140	
2440	3082	1850	0.4841	
286	579	36	0.1254	
270	396	17	0.1251*	

(**7**)

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.2) .3 (3).4 (*) .((**)) (2005).1 (1979).2 (2004).3 " (2011) .4

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