

## بناء نموذج رياضي لتصميم حائط افتراضي باستخدام قيود الأمان والمعولية

منال عبدالكريم العباجي\*\*

أحمد محمود السبعاعي\*

الملخص

(overturning safety factor)

(sliding safety factor)

–

(matlab)

(optimization toolbox function)

### Building Mathematical model for virtual wall design by using safety factor and reliability constraints

#### ABSTRACT

This Research comprises building mathematical model for virtual wall design by using two safety constraints : overturning safety factor and sliding safety factor, also reliability's constraints for each factor

and using decomposition technique especially bilevel decomposition – relaxation algorithm to obtain the optimal dimensions for the wall, A program has been achieved for designing a wall with the constraints mentioned above via programming relaxation algorithm steps by using Matlab and using optimization toolbox functions in order to find a solution for master and subproblems. Tthis program shows high efficiency and easiness in obtaining results.

### 1-المقدمة :

(Structural properties)

(decomposable structure)

(Decomposition techniques)

.<sup>(5)</sup>(1960) Wolfe Dantzig

(Complicating constraints)

(Complicating variables)

( )

( )

(Master problem)

( )

( )

(Subproblem)

)

(

## 2- التصميم الهندسي للبناء

**Engineering design of structure :**

(safety constraints)

(8 7 3)

(optimization techniques)

( )

(7 2)

3-مسألة التصميم الاحتمالي (7,4,3,2)

The probabilistic design problem

(Geometric variables)  $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$   
 .... (Loads) (Material properties)

n-

. (Failure region) (Safe region)

$$: S \equiv \{(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) | g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \geq 1\}$$

$$: F \equiv \{(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) | g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) < 1\}$$

$$g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

(Strength) (overturning force) (stabilizing force)  
 . ... (Stress)

$$g(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = 1$$

m

$F^0$

1

:

$$: S_i \equiv \{(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) | g_i(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \geq F_i^0\}$$

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$x_i$  ( )

$x_i$

$$(i=1, 2, \dots, n)$$

Strength ) (dimensions)  
 $\bar{x}_i$   $E(x_i)$  ( .... Stiffness  
 $\cdot \tilde{x}_i$   
 (The design codes)

:  $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$   
**: d (Optimized design variables)** .1

height ( )  
 . .... Cross sections Width  
**:  $\eta$  (Non-optimized design variables)** .2

(Code)  
 ( ... Young modula Strength Unit weight )  
**:  $\kappa$  (Random model parameters)** .3

(Random variability)  
 . ....  
**:  $\psi$  (Dependent or non basic variables)** .4  
 $\eta$  d

$\eta$   $\bar{d}$  d  
 .  $\tilde{\eta}$

4- تصميم هندسي بقيود عوامل امان ومعولية(4)

Engineering design with safety factor and reliability constraints

( )

Minimize  $h(\bar{d}, \bar{\eta})$  .....(1)

$\bar{d}$

Subject to :

$g_i(\bar{d}, \bar{\eta}) \geq F_i^{(v)} ; i \in I_f$  .....(2)

$\beta_{F_i}(\bar{d}, \bar{\eta}, \kappa) \geq \beta_i^0 ; i \in I_f$  .....(3)

$\kappa$

$i \in I_f \quad \beta_{F_i}$

Hasofer and

)

(3)

(3)-(1)

(6)

Lind

:

: (1)

$\{F_1, F_2, \dots, F_m\}$

$\{F_1^0, F_2^0, \dots, F_m^0\}$

$\{\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_m\} \beta - \{\beta_1^0, \beta_2^0, \dots, \beta_m^0\}$

$\in$

: (2)

$$i \in I_f \quad F_i^{(1)} \quad V=1$$

$$i \in I_f \quad F_i^0$$

**Master problem** : (3)

Minimize  $h(\bar{d}, \bar{\eta})$

$$\bar{d}$$

**Subject to :**

$$g_i(\bar{d}, \bar{\eta}) \geq F_i^{(v)} ; i \in I_f$$

$$(\bar{d}^{(v)})$$

**Subproblems** : (4)

$$\beta_i^{(v)} \quad \beta - \quad i \in I_f \quad P_i^{(v)}$$

$$i \in I_f$$

3

$$(i \in I_f)$$

:

$$\text{Minimize } \beta_i = \sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^n Z_j^2}$$

$$d_i, \eta_i$$

**Subject to :**

$$Z_j = h_j(d_i, \eta_i; \bar{d}, \bar{\eta}, \kappa) ; j = 1, \dots, n$$

$$g_i(d_i, \eta_i) = 1$$

$$j=1, \dots, n \quad Z_j$$

$$i \quad (d_i^{(v)}, \eta_i^{(v)}) \quad \beta_i^{(v)}$$

. v

: (5)

$$\text{error}^{(v)} = \max_{\forall i} \left| \frac{\beta^{(v)} - \beta^{(v-1)}}{\beta^{(v)}} \right|$$

∈

. (6)

(7)

. (Updating safety factors)

: (6)

:

v

$$F_i^{(v+1)} = \text{Max}(F_i^{(v)} + \rho(\beta_i^0 - \beta_i^{(v)}), F_i^0) \quad ; \quad i \in I_f$$

ρ β

i ∈ I\_f β<sup>0</sup>

F<sub>i</sub><sup>(v+1)</sup>

( )

Max

) F<sub>i</sub><sup>0</sup>

F<sub>i</sub><sup>0</sup>

. (3)

v = v+1 .(

: (7)

$$F_i^{(v)} \quad g_i(\bar{d}^*, \bar{\eta})$$

$\bar{d}^*$

( )

$\bar{d}^*$

-5

)

Overturning

(

Sliding safety factor

safety factor

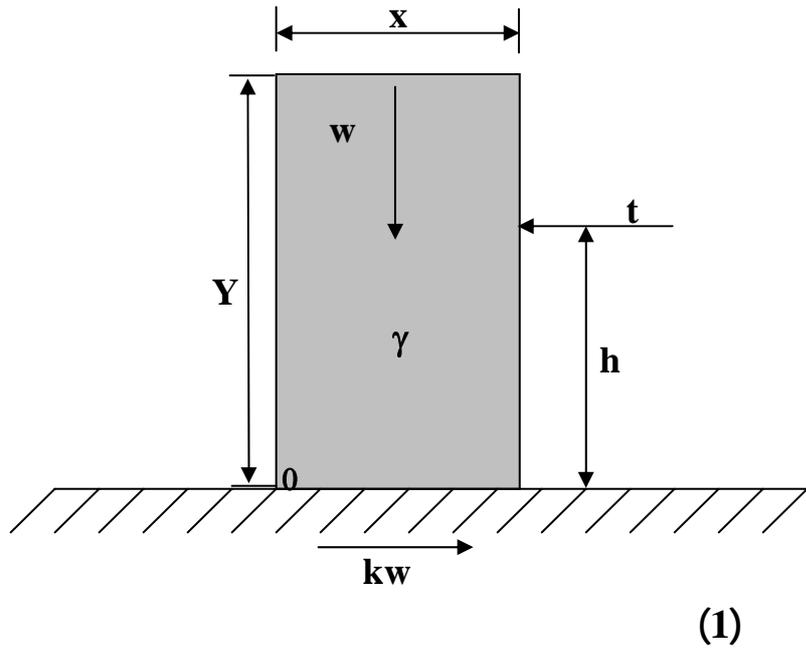
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(

1-5 متغيرات المسألة (1) :

- : X (m)
  - : Y (m)
  - :  $\gamma$  (KN/m<sup>3</sup>)<sup>3</sup> /
  - : W (KN/m) /
  - : t (KN)
  - : h (m)
  - : k ( )
- (1)



(3)

- 1. : d (Optimized design variable)
- d = {X , Y}
- 2. : η (Non-optimized design variable)

$$\eta = \{ \gamma, t, h, k \}$$

**:  $\kappa$  (Random model parameters) .3**

$$\kappa = \{ \sigma_\gamma, \sigma_t, \sigma_h, \sigma_k \}$$

**:  $\psi$  (Dependent or non basic variables) .4**

$$\psi = \{ w \}$$

**: 2-5 صياغة قيود المسألة(1):**

**The overturning safety factor constraint -1**

(Stabilizing moment)  $(F_o)$   
 .((1) o ) (Overturning moment)

$$F_o = \frac{\text{Stabilizing moment}}{\text{Overturning moment}}$$

$$F_o = \frac{\gamma X^2 Y}{2 t h}$$

$$1 \qquad F_o \geq 1$$

$$F_o = \frac{\gamma X^2 Y}{2 t h} \geq F_o^0$$

$$F_o^0$$

**The sliding safety factor constraint**

-2

(Stabilizing force)

(F<sub>s</sub>)

. (Sliding force)

$$F_s = \frac{\text{Stabilizing force}}{\text{Sliding force}}$$

$$F_s = \frac{XY k \gamma}{t}$$

$$1 \qquad F_s \geq 1$$

:

$$F_s = \frac{XY k \gamma}{t} \geq F_s^0$$

F<sub>s</sub><sup>0</sup>

:

:

$$Y \geq 2X$$

:

:

$$\beta_o (X, Y, t, h, \gamma, k) \geq \beta_o^0$$

$$\beta_s (X, Y, t, h, \gamma, k) \geq \beta_s^0$$

:

: β<sub>o</sub>

: β<sub>s</sub><sup>0</sup>

$$: \beta_s$$

$$: \beta_s^0$$

3-5 دالة الهدف للمسألة (1):

:

Minimize  $M=X Y$

4-5 الصيغة النهائية للمسألة (1):

:

Minimize  $M=X Y$  ..... (4)

Subject to :

$$\frac{\gamma X^2 Y}{2 t h} \geq F_o^0 \text{ .....(5)}$$

$$\frac{X Y k \gamma}{t} \geq F_s^0 \text{ .....(6)}$$

$$\beta_o (X , Y , t , h , \gamma , k) \geq \beta_o^0 \text{ .....(7)}$$

$$\beta_s (X , Y , t , h , \gamma , k) \geq \beta_s^0 \text{ .....(8)}$$

$$Y \geq 2X \text{ .....(9)}$$

(8) (7)

: Hasofer and Lind

$$\beta_o (X , Y , t , h , \gamma , k) = \text{Minimize}_{(t,h,\gamma)} \sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^3 Z^2_j} \text{ .....(10)}$$

Subject to :

$$Z_1 = \frac{t - \tilde{t}}{\sigma_t} \text{ .....(11)}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{h - \tilde{h}}{\sigma_h} \text{ .....(12)}$$

$$Z_3 = \frac{\gamma - \tilde{\gamma}}{\sigma_\gamma} \text{ .....(13)}$$

$$\frac{\gamma X^2 Y}{2 t h} = 1 \text{ .....(14)}$$

$$\beta_S(X, Y, t, h, \gamma, k) = \underset{(t, \gamma, k)}{\text{Minimize}} \sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^3 Z_j^2} \dots \dots \dots (15)$$

Subject to :

$$Z_1 = \frac{t - \tilde{t}}{\sigma_t} \dots \dots \dots (16)$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{\gamma - \tilde{\gamma}}{\sigma_\gamma} \dots \dots \dots (17)$$

$$Z_3 = \frac{k - \tilde{k}}{\sigma_k} \dots \dots \dots (18)$$

$$\frac{XY k \gamma}{t} = 1 \dots \dots \dots (19)$$

(7)

(19) - (15)

(8) (14) - (10)

(8) (7)

5-5 التوزيعات الاحصائية لمتغيرات المسألة (11) :

(1)

JCSS (Probabilistic model code)

JCSS

(1)

Unit	Standard deviation	Mean ( $\mu$ )	Distribution	Variable
m	----	----		X
m	----	----		Y
----	0.05	0.3		K
KN	15	50		T
KN/m <sup>3</sup>	0.46	23		$\gamma$
m	0.2	3		h

.( )

$$F_s^0 = 1.6$$

$$\beta_o^0 = 3 \quad \beta_s^0 = 3$$

$$F_o^0 = 1.5$$

.(8)(20)

$$P_{F_o} = 0.0013 \quad P_{F_s} = 0.0013$$

$$P_F \approx \Phi(-\beta) \dots \dots \dots (20)$$

∈

$$\epsilon = 0.000001$$

## 6-5 تنفيذ الخوارزمية ومناقشة النتائج :

Genuine Intel (R)

version 7.6.0.324(R2008a) Matlab

RAM 1G

1.73GHz (2cpu)

Optimization toolbox functions

(2)

0.9-0.1  $\rho$   $\rho$  $\rho=0.9$ 

(2)

V	M	X	Y	F <sub>o</sub>	F <sub>s</sub>	$\beta_o$	$\beta_s$	error	Actual F <sub>o</sub>	Actual F <sub>s</sub>
1	11.594203	2.407717	4.815434	1.5	1.600000	3.457744	1.491515	1.01137755	2.140193	1.60000011
2	21.432148	3.273541	6.547083	1.5	2.957636	10.947198	3.387693	0.68414348	5.378859	2.957636404
3	18.903712	3.074387	6.148774	1.5	2.608712	9.080704	3.040364	0.20554503	4.455662	2.608712274
4	18.640471	3.052906	6.105812	1.5	2.572385	8.883462	2.999864	0.02220331	4.362917	2.572385013
5	18.641361	3.052979	6.105958	1.5	2.572508	8.884130	3.000002	0.00007515	4.363229	2.572507814
6	18.641348	3.052978	6.105956	1.5	2.572506	8.884120	3.000000	0.00000109	4.363224	2.572506039
7	18.641348	3.052978	6.105956	1.5	2.572506	8.884120	<b>3.000000</b>	0.00000002	4.363225	2.572506065

 $\rho=0.9$ 

)

:

X = 3.05 m

Y = 6.10 m

M = 18.64

( )

 $\rho$  $\rho$

(3)

(3)

 $\rho$ 

. Cputime

$\rho$			
0.1	93	0.00000091	14.5469 Cputime
0.2	47	0.00000094	5.7813 Cputime
0.3	31	0.00000081	3.3594 Cputime
0.4	22	0.00000094	2.3750 Cputime
0.5	17	0.00000059	2.1875 Cputime
0.6	13	0.00000033	1.5625 Cputime
0.7	10	0.00000084	1.3906 Cputime
0.8	9	0.00000021	1.0625 Cputime
0.9	7	0.00000002	1.0469 Cputime

0.9

 $\rho$ 

(3)

0.00000002

7

. 1.0469 Cputime

 $F_o = 4.363$ 

(2)

 $\beta_o = 8.884$ 

Actual

( 3 1.5)

 $F_s$  $\beta_s$  $\beta_s$

## 6- الاستنتاجات :

:

.1

 $\rho$  (Relaxation factor)

.2

(3)

 $\rho$ 

)

 $\rho$ 

. 1.0469 cputime

0.00000002

0.9 (

.3

( )

)

(

## References

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