

## DNA

### *Streptomyces*

(2009 / 12 / 7 2008 / 11 / 4 )

#### الملخص

*Streptomyces* 14

4

(0 – 4%)

(22 – 100%) (pH)

100 µg/ ml , 50 SDS 100 µg/ ml , 50 µg/ ml

(4 – 20%) (0 – 6%) (0 – 12%) (0 – 20%) (4 – 60%) µg/ ml

*Streptomyces* DNA

DNA

## Application of Low pH as a Curing Agent of Plasmid DNA in *Streptomyces* as Compared with other Agents

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### ABSTRACT

Fourteen strain of *Streptomyces* were obtained from a previous study and their identity was ascertained by using slide culture method that showed their aerial and earthy hyphae. Antibiotic susceptibility of the strains towards Nalidixic acid, Ampicillin, Chloramphenicol, Cefalexin, Rifamycin and Gentamycin were tested and the four most resistant were selected for subsequent analysis. Spontaneous curing was obtained as a control sample and we noticed (0-4%) curing percentage, after treatment of the isolates with acidic pH we noticed (22-100%) curing percentages towards the antibiotics understudy .Then we used various chemical and physical curing agents to compare them with acidic pH treatment. We found that elevated temperature, acridine orange (50µg/ml), (100µg/ml), SDS (50µg/ml) and (100µg/ml) had the ability to cure the isolates at various percentages (4-60%), (0-20%), (0-12%), (0-6%), (4-20%) respectively. This indicated that using the acidic pH has an effective curing ability to cure the plasmid DNA of *Streptomyces* much better than other well known curing agents .Low pH is also much easier and safer to handle as compared with chemical compounds that can be mutagenic to chromosomal DNA and harmful to the researcher himself .

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Actinomycetes

*Streptomyces*

.(Crameri *et al.*, 1986)

60%

Aminoacridines Nitroacridines

(DNA intercalating agents) DNA

(Hahn, 1976) Propidium Ethidium

DNA

Recombination

Frame shift mutations

RNA splicing

..... DNA

DNA

*Streptomyces*

.(Lee *et al.*, 1996)

Amplification

Coumermycin A1 Clorobiocin Novobiocin

A

Nalidixic acid

Oxolinic acid

DNA gyrase

B

R plasmid

Nalidixic acid

DNA gyrase

.(Hooper *et al.*, 1984)

(Hooper *et al.*, 1984)

2500 µg/ml

*S. typhimurium*

(1976) Hahn

60 µg/ml

6

*Streptomyces*

14

(2006)

*Streptomyces*

µg/ml

(30)Cf/

(20)Cm/

(50) Ap/

(30)NA/

:

(20)GM/

(10)Rif/

.(1984) Puhlar

Timmis

. 37

24

*Streptomyces*

*Streptomyces*

Control

5 *Streptomyces*

(1974) Meyer

0.1 24 37

37 24 5

100

24 37

Master plate

*Streptomyces*

DNA

*Streptomyces*

(1989) Sinha

5 pH 7

pH

pH5 pH6

0.1 24 37

pH 6 pH 5

5

0.1

Master plate

*Streptomyces*

DNA

*Streptomyces*

(1969)

Baldwin

. 37 – 28

42

*Streptomyces*

DNA

*Streptomyces*

(1988) Barrow

Lovell

.100 µg/ml 50 µg/ml

SDS

*Streptomyces*

DNA

*Streptomyces*

(1974)

Tomoeda

.100 µg/ml 50 µg/ml

(SDS) Sodium dodecyl Sulfate

*Streptomyces* 14

.(1)

*Streptomyces* :1

| (µg/ml ) |          |         |         |         |          |   |
|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---|
| Gm (20)  | Rif (10) | Cf (30) | Cm (20) | Ap (50) | Nal (30) |   |
| R        | S        | R       | R       | R       | R        | 1 |
| R        | R        | R       | S       | R       | R        | 2 |
| S        | S        | R       | R       | S       | R        | 3 |
| S        | R        | R       | R       | R       | R        | 4 |

R  
S

(1)

*Streptomyces*

Freeman

Oxyteracycline

*Streptomyces rimosus*

(1978)Hopwood

*Streptomyces*

*.Streptomyces*

acetyl

Ribosomal Protection Protein (RPP)

(Wright, 1999)

( $\text{PO}_3^{-2}$ )

( $\text{COCH}_3$ )

*Streptomyces*

.(Chopra and Roberts, 2001)

*Streptomyces*

**DNA**

*Streptomyces*

(2)

*Streptomyces*

: 2

| DNA<br>( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) |          |         |         |         |          |   |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---|
| Gm (10)                     | Rif (10) | Cf (30) | Cm (20) | Ap (50) | Nal (30) |   |
| 0                           | S        | 2       | 4       | 0       | 2        | 1 |
| 4                           | 4        | 2       | S       | 2       | 0        | 2 |
| S                           | S        | 0       | 2       | S       | 2        | 3 |
| S                           | 4        | 2       | 0       | 2       | 0        | 4 |

0%

: 0

: S

(2)

*Streptomyces*

(0 – 4%)

(2006)

Cullum Darmalingam

*Streptomyces*

(1996)

0.1%

intercalating agents)

°-20

(DNA DNA

***Streptomyces***

**DNA**

*Streptomyces*

DNA

pH

(3)

*Streptomyces*

:3

| DNA<br>µg/ml |      |          |      |         |      |         |      |         |      |          |      |   |
|--------------|------|----------|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|----------|------|---|
| Gm (10)      |      | Rif (10) |      | Cf (30) |      | Cm (20) |      | Ap (50) |      | Nal (30) |      |   |
| pH 6         | pH 5 | pH 6     | pH 5 | pH 6    | pH 5 | pH 6    | pH 5 | pH 6    | pH 5 | pH 6     | pH 5 |   |
| 40           | 46   | S        | S    | 90      | 100  | 22      | 34   | 64      | 82   | 100      | 100  | 1 |
| 34           | 52   | 76       | 90   | 68      | 58   | S       | S    | 68      | 63   | 70       | 72   | 2 |
| S            | S    | S        | S    | 62      | 73   | 40      | 52   | S       | S    | 42       | 48   | 3 |
| S            | S    | 31       | 40   | 63      | 66   | 32      | 40   | 55      | 62   | 58       | 63   | 4 |

100%

: 100

: S

*Streptomyces*

10

(2005)

Kontro

*Streptomyces*

(pH 4 -11.5)

pH

(2008)

7

.pH 5.5 pH 5

pH7.5

DNA

(3)

(22 – 100%)

*Streptomyces*

(2 – 82%) *E. coli*

(2008)

(12 – 24%) *Proteus mirabilis*

(4 – 53%) *Klebsiella pneumonia*

*Streptomyces*

(11 – 96%) *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

H<sup>+</sup>

-NH<sub>3</sub>   - NH<sub>2</sub>

.(Hewiston, 2009)

(1997) Rowbury

(2008

)

switch on

pH

(Omp C gene) Porin

5

(3)

6

4 3

2 1

Brown (1995)

Hall

pH

(1991) Booth

cad A

Lysine decarboxylase

*E. coli*

Cadaverine

Lysine

pH

..... DNA

*Streptomyces* DNA °42

(4)

*Streptomyces* DNA :4

| DNA<br>µg/ml |          |         |         |         |          |   |
|--------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---|
| Gm (10)      | Rif (10) | Cf (30) | Cm (20) | Ap (50) | Nal (30) |   |
| 51           | S        | 44      | 12      | 40      | 53       | 1 |
| 28           | 4        | 32      | S       | 60      | 42       | 2 |
| S            | S        | 17      | 22      | S       | 18       | 3 |
| S            | 6        | 15      | 21      | 11      | 24       | 4 |

°42 (4)

(4 – 60%)

*Streptomyces* DNA

*Streptomyces*

(1989) Muth

*Streptomyces ghanaensis* PSG5

°37

*Streptomyces* DNA

(100 µg/ml 50 µg/ml)

DNA

Gabriella *et al.*, 2006)

(5)

(Freifelder, 1983

*Streptomyces*

DNA

:5

100 µg/ml 50 µg/ml

| DNA<br>µg/ml |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |         |         |          |         |   |
|--------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---|
| Gm (10)      |         | Rif (10) |         | Cf (30)  |         | Cm (20)  |         | Ap (50) |         | Nal (30) |         |   |
| A10<br>0     | A<br>50 | A100     | A<br>50 | A10<br>0 | A<br>50 | A10<br>0 | A<br>50 | A100    | A<br>50 | A10<br>0 | A<br>50 |   |
| 0            | 2       | S        | S       | 0        | 0       | 4        | 9       | 6       | 12      | 8        | 20      | 1 |
| 0            | 4       | 0        | 2       | 12       | 18      | S        | S       | 2       | 0       | 6        | 14      | 2 |
| S            | S       | S        | S       | 2        | 6       | 0        | 0       | S       | S       | 2        | 12      | 3 |
| S            | S       | 8        | 13      | 6        | 10      | 4        | 7       | 4       | 12      | 0        | 0       | 4 |

50 µg/ml  
100 µg/ml

A50  
A100

(5)

100

(0 – 12%)

µg/ml

(0 – 20%)

50 µg/ml

(1970)

Grindley

(2005)

*E. coli*

(25 50 µg/ml)

100 µg/ml

..... DNA

*Streptomyces*

(2–20%)

(1979)

Redshaw

*Streptomyces*

(1982)

Ikeda

*Streptomyces ambofaciens*

Spiramycin

(5)

(1996)

Lee

5 15 µg/ml

*Streptomyces lividans* Tk64

DNA

DNA intercalating agents DNA

SDS

*Streptomyces*

DNA

50 100 µg/ml

SDS

50 µg/ml

SDS

(2000)

(20 – 45%)

*Klebsiella*

DNA

(6)

*Streptomyces*

DNA

:6

µg/ml 100 50

SDS

|         |          |         |         |         |          |  |
|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--|
| DNA     |          |         |         |         |          |  |
| µg/ml   |          |         |         |         |          |  |
| Gm (10) | Rif (10) | Cf (30) | Cm (20) | Ap (50) | Nal (30) |  |

| SDS<br>100 | SDS<br>50 |   |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|---|
| 10         | 0         | S          | S         | 20         | 0         | 18         | 4         | 12         | 0         | 8          | 2         | 1 |
| 13         | 6         | 16         | 4         | 8          | 2         | S          | S         | 4          | 2         | 16         | 0         | 2 |
| S          | S         | S          | S         | 10         | 4         | 12         | 2         | S          | S         | 14         | 4         | 3 |
| S          | S         | 14         | 4         | 8          | 6         | 15         | 0         | 7          | 0         | 8          | 2         | 4 |

50 µg/ml

SDS

(6)

*Streptomyces*

DNA

100 µg/ml

(1977) Nozaki Ogazawa

(4 – 20%)

β-lactam

63.8%

SDS

SDS

SDS

SDS

(Sonstein and Baldwin, 1972)

pH5

*Streptomyces*

DNA

DNA

..... DNA

*Klebsiella pneumonia* .(2000) ,

.( ) .(2008)

DNA .(2008) ,

*E. coli* DNA .(2005) ,

*Streptomyces lavendulae* .(2008) ,

.(2006) ,

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