(2005/2/23 2004/12/28)

(2004)

Study of the Reflection Anomalies Phenomena in Allan and Atshan Structures, Northwestern Iraq Using Remote Sensing Data

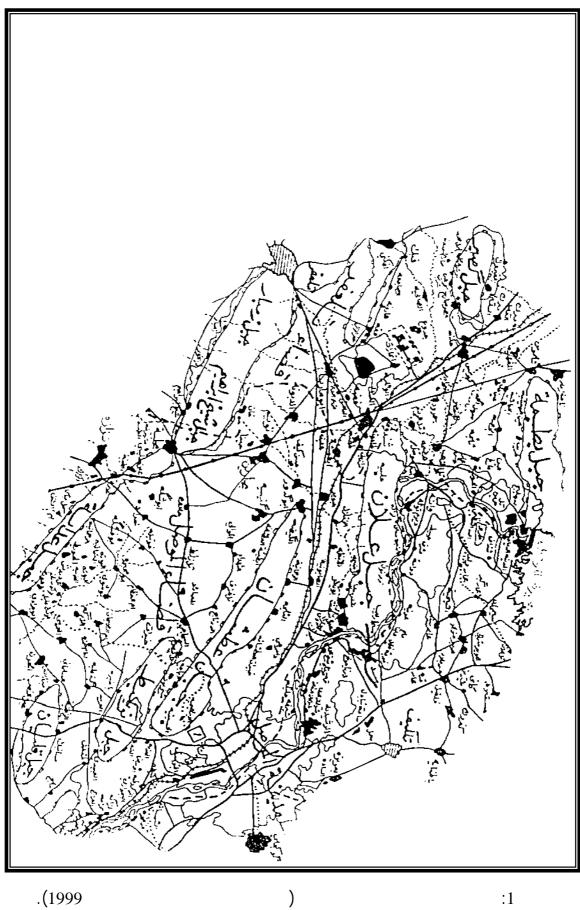
Hekmat S.Al-Daghastani Rayan Gh. Al-Banaa Bassam M.Al-Dewachi
Remote Sensing Center
Mosul University

ABSTRACT

Time sequential remote sensing data were used to detect the changes in landuse and its relation with the environmental pollution, in the southern and northern limbs of Allan and Atshan structures respectively, within Nineveh Governorate. Landsat imagery taken in January (2004) shows local reflection anomalies throughout the study area. This information is used in conjunction with the analysis of geological, geomorphological features and digital image processing, to confirm the local contamination. Such information is a prerequisite for any environmental pollution program in the study area.

	.()			
				/ / (Thematic Mappe	er)
	.(EOSAT,)				. /
()		·		
	(T.M.)				
	.(TM) () ()		(Landsat)	()
			(TM)	:	\neg
	/ /	1 1	(TM)		_
	/ /	1			-

79



)

```
.(Lillesand and Kiefer, 1994)
                                                             (
                                                                    ) (
                                             .(Sabin, 1987)
                                                 (
(Level Slicing)
                               )
        (
                                                                          (X)
                                             ( )
                                                             .(Mather, 1987)
               (85-80)
                                                                        (
                                                                                   )
                                                                 (A)
                                                                 (B)
```

81

.

```
(C)
                                                                 (D)
                                                                  (E)
                                                                  (F)
                                                     (Supervised classification)
                                            (Training area)
Integrated Software for Multispectral Image Classification (
( )
                                       (Al-Shumam, 2001)
                                                                          (ISMIC)
```

83

```
(1:50,000)
          (Strahler, 1964)
                                                    .(
                                 (
                              (B
                                     )
                                                   (A
                          ( )
                                          (
                                               (
                                     (B,A)
```



85

```
( ) .(A,B )
( )
             .( B,A )
            .( )
```

)

() (1990,1988) ((87

/ /

/ / .

·

•

.

--

·
.

- Al-Shumam, T.A.T., 2001. An integrated software for remotely sensed data classification, M. Sc. Thesis, University of Mosul, 102p.
- EOSAT, 1986. Landsat Data User Notes, Vol.1, No.2, pp.4-5.
- Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W., 19 . Remote sensing and image interpretation, 3rd Edition. John Willey and Sons, New York, 734p.
- Mather, P.M., 1987. Computer processing of remotely sensed images, an international, John Wiley and Sons.212p.
- Sabins, R.F.JR., 1987. Remote sensing, principles and interpretation, 2nd Edition, W.H. Freeman and Sons Company, New York, USA, 449p.
- Strahlar, A.N., 1964. Quantitative geomorphology of drainage basins and channel net works, sect. 4-11 in V.T Chow (ed). Handbook of applied hydrology (edited by Chow., V.T., McGraw-Hill), New York.